# ITT Technical Institute IS4670T Cybercrime Forensics Onsite Course

## **SYLLABUS**

#### Credit hours: 4.5

Contact/Instructional hours: 72 (36 Theory Hours, 36 Lab Hours)

#### Prerequisite(s) and/or Corequisite(s):

Prerequisites: IS3350T Security Issues in Legal Context or equivalent, IS4560T Hacking and Counter measures or equivalent

#### **Course Description:**

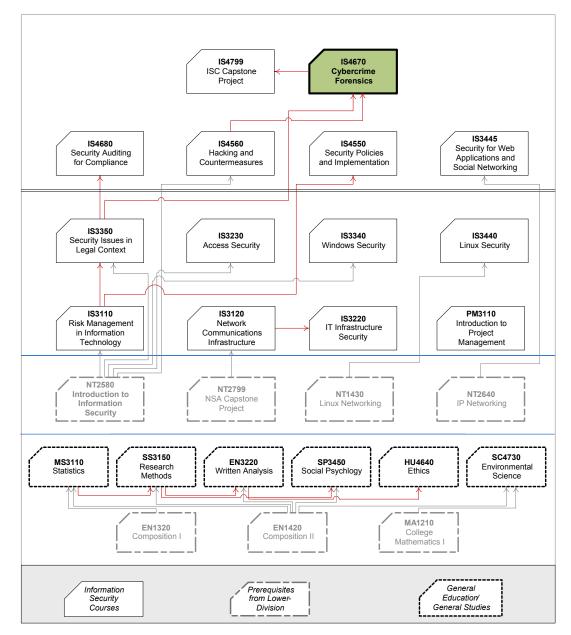
This course explores cybercrime, security threats and legal considerations facing cybersecurity professionals in dealing with the discovery, investigation and prosecution of cybercrimes. Students will study tools used by computer forensic professionals for investigating cybercrimes, and the use of these tools for the collection, examination and preservation of evidence for prosecution.

## Where Does This Course Belong?

This course is required for the Bachelor of Science in Information Systems Security program. This program covers the following core areas:

- Foundational Courses
- Technical Courses
- BSISS Project

The following diagram demonstrates how this course fits in the program:



### **Course Summary**

#### **Major Instructional Areas**

- 1. Solving business challenges with forensic investigations
- 2. Performing digital forensic investigations
- 3. Using forensic environments and tools
- 4. Collecting and handling evidence
- 5. Making forensic reports

#### **Course Objectives**

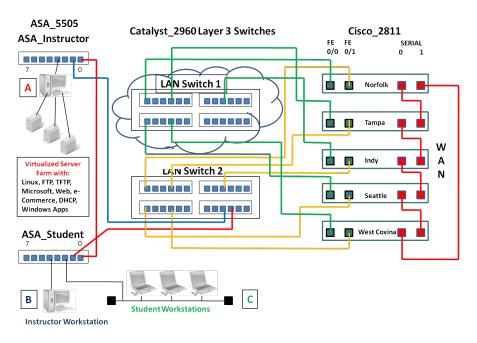
- 1. Identify the role of computer forensics in responding to crimes and solving business challenges.
- 2. Examine system forensics issues, laws, and skills.
- 3. Examine the purpose and structure of a digital forensics lab.
- 4. Examine the evidence life cycle.
- 5. Procure evidence in physical and virtualized environments.
- 6. Examine the impact of sequestration on the evidence-gathering process.
- 7. Collect evidence in network and e-mail environments.
- 8. Examine automated digital forensic analysis.
- 9. Report investigative findings of potential evidentiary value.
- 10. Examine the constraints on digital forensic investigations.

## Learning Materials and References

#### **Required Resources**

Textbook Package	New to this Course	Carried over from Previous Course(s)	Required for Subsequent Course(s)
Vacca, John R., and K. Rudolph. <i>System Forensics, Investigation, and Response</i> . 1 <sup>st</sup> ed. Sudbury, MA: Jones & Bartlett, 2011.	•		
Printed IS4670 Student Lab Manual	•		
ISS Mock IT Infrastructure (1) – Cisco Core Backbone Network consisting of Cisco 2811 routers, 2950/2960 catalyst switches, ASA 5505s for classroom hands-on labs that require a live, IP network. (For onsite only)	•	•	
ISS Mock IT Infrastructure (2) – VM Server Farm (2 Microsoft Windows XP2003 Standard Servers and 2 Ubuntu Linux Servers) for classroom hands-on VM labs. (For both onsite and online)	•	•	•
ISS Mock IT Infrastructure (2) – VM Workstation (Microsoft Windows XP2003 Professional Workstation with Core ISS Apps and Tools) for classroom hands-on VM labs. (For both onsite and online)	•	•	•

- (1) The following presents the core ISS Cisco core backbone network components needed for some of the hands-on labs for onsite delivery only. (Note: video labs will be used for online delivery):
  - Cisco 2811 Routers
  - Cisco 2950/2960 Catalyst Switches
  - Cisco ASA 5505 Security Appliances
  - Simulated WAN Infrastructure
  - EGP using BGP4 or IGP using EIGRP
  - Layer 2 Switching with VLAN Configurations
  - Telnet and SSH version 2 for Remote Access
  - Inside and Outside VLANs
  - DMZ VLAN





(2) The following lists the core ISS VM server farm and VM workstation OS, applications, and tools required for this course for both onsite and online course deliveries:

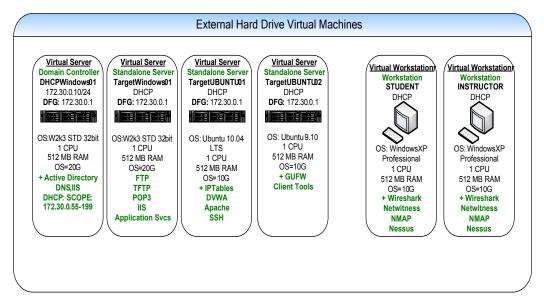


Figure 2 – ISS Core VM Server Farm & VM Workstations

**Note #1**: ISS onsite students can obtain their removable hard drive directly from their ITT campus. ISS online students will be required to download the core ISS VM server farm and VM workstations directly to their personal computer for installation. The ITT Onsite or Online Instructor will provide students with the specific instructions and procedures for how to obtain the core ISS VM server farm and workstation image files during the first week of class.

- (3) The following lists the new VMs, applications, and tools required to perform the hands-on labs for this course for both onsite and online deliveries:
  - 1. New VM for server farm: "VulnerableXP01". This VM is a vulnerable Microsoft Windows XP 2003 Standard Edition server used for performing attacks.
  - 2. New VM for server farm: "Backtrack01". A Backtrack 4 Ubuntu Server pre-loaded with the following applications and tools:
    - a. Metasploit with required plug-ins
    - b. Kismet
    - c. Aircrack-ng
    - d. Airsnort
    - e. Snort
    - f. MySQL
    - g. BASE
  - 3. New VM that Replaces the Old "TargetUbuntu01" VM on the VM server farm. An Ubuntu Server 10.4 VM pre-loaded with the following applications and tools:
    - a. Damn Vulnerable Web App (DVWA)
    - b. ClamAV Installed
    - c. Rootkit Hunter: http://www.rootkit.nl/projects/rootkit\_hunter.html
    - d. Chrootkit: http://www.chkrootkit.org/
    - e. Appropriate rootkit tools can be found at: http://www.packetstormsecurity.org/UNIX/penetration/rootkits/indexdate.html
    - f. Infected with EICAR
    - g. tcpdump
    - h. Common Linux tools such as strings, sed and grep
  - 4. Tools Directory: A directory called "tools" which contains the binary installation files for each tool covered in the course, including:
    - a. Infected with EICAR
    - b. ClamAV Installed
    - c. Rootkit Hunter: http://www.rootkit.nl/projects/rootkit\_hunter.html
    - d. Chrootkit: http://www.chkrootkit.org/
    - e. Appropriate rootkit tools can be found at: http://www.packetstormsecurity.org/UNIX/penetration/rootkits/indexdate.html
    - f. Wireshark
    - g. Netwitness Investigator
    - h. FileZilla FTP client/Server
    - i. Putty SSH client
    - j. Nessus<sup>®1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Nessus® is a Registered Trademark of Tenable Network Security, Inc.

- k. Zenmap
- I. MD5sum
- m. SHA1sum
- n. GnuPG (Gnu Privacy Guard)
- o. OpenSSL
- p. VMware Player

**Note #2:** Installation instructions for installing these new VMs, applications and tools will be provided by the ISS onsite or online Instructor during day 1/ week 1 of the course.

#### **Recommended Resources**

Books, Professional Journals

Please use the following author's names, book/article titles and/or keywords to search in the ITT Tech Virtual Library for supplementary information to augment your learning in this subject:

Books Periodicals EbscoHost Books24X7

Hal Berghel

"Hiding data, forensics, and anti-forensics", *Communications of the ACM*, Apr2007, Vol. 50 Issue 4, (Page 15)

Richard A. Clark, et al "CYBER WAR: The Next Threat to National Security and What to Do About It", *New York Times Book Review*, Aug2010, (Page 16)

Warren G. Kruse, et al "Computer forensics; incident response essentials", Dec2001, Vol. 25 Issue 4

John R. Vacca Computer and Information Security Handbook

John R. Vacca "The essential guide to area networks", Mar2002, Vol. 26 Issue 1

#### Professional Associations

American Academy of Forensic Sciences
 This Web site provides an understanding of advance science and its application to the legal system.

http://www.aafs.org (accessed September 3, 2010)

ADFSL-Association of Digital Forensics, Security and Law
 This Web site focuses on the academics and research of digital forensics, security, and law.

http://www.adfsl.org/ (accessed September 3, 2010)

DoD Cyber Crime Center

This Web site provides an understanding about cyber investigation training courses for Department of Defense (DoD) organizations, Defense Criminal Investigative Organizations, military counterintelligence agencies, and law enforcement organizations.

http://www.dc3.mil/dcita/dcitaAbout.php (accessed September 3, 2010)

HTCIA: High Tech Crime Investigation Association
 This Web site explains the effect of the voluntary exchange of data, information, experience, ideas, and knowledge about methods, processes, and techniques relating to investigations and security in advanced technologies among its members.

http://www.htcia.org/ (accessed September 3, 2010)

#### Other References

- e-evidence info: The Electronic Evidence Information Center http://www.e-evidence.info (accessed September 3, 2010)
- FBI Laboratory: Computer Analysis and Response Team http://www.fbi.gov/hq/lab/org/cart.htm (accessed September 3, 2010)
- National Center for Forensic Science http://www.ncfs.ucf.edu (accessed September 3, 2010)
- SANS

http://www.sans.org (accessed September 3, 2010)

- Computer Crime & Intellectual Property Section: United States Department of Justice http://www.justice.gov/criminal/cybercrime/ (accessed September 3, 2010)
- U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement http://www.ice.gov/partners/investigations/services/cyberbranch.htm (accessed September 3, 2010)

**NOTE:** All links are subject to change without prior notice.

#### Keywords:

- Computer forensics
- Cybercrime
- Data exposure
- Digital forensics
- Forensic investigation
- Forensics
- Sensitive data
- System forensics
- Admissibility
- Chain of custody
- Evidence
- Expert witness
- Forensic investigator competence
- Forensic investigator traits
- Hearsay
- Innocent until proven guilty
- Presumption of innocence
- Privacy laws
- Testimony

## **Course Plan**

#### **Instructional Methods**

This course is designed to promote learner-centered activities and support the development of cognitive strategies and competencies necessary for effective task performance and critical problem solving. The course utilizes individual and group learning activities, performance-driven assignments, problem-based cases, projects, and discussions. These methods focus on building engaging learning experiences conducive to development of critical knowledge and skills that can be effectively applied in professional contexts.

#### Suggested Learning Approach

In this course, you will be studying individually and within a group of your peers. As you work on the course deliverables, you are encouraged to share ideas with your peers and instructor, work collaboratively on projects and team assignments, raise critical questions, and provide constructive feedback.

Use the following advice to receive maximum learning benefits from your participation in this course:

DO	DON'T
<ul> <li>Do take a proactive learning approach</li> <li>Do share your thoughts on critical issues and potential problem solutions</li> <li>Do plan your course work in advance</li> <li>Do explore a variety of learning resources in addition to the textbook</li> <li>Do offer relevant examples from your experience</li> <li>Do make an effort to understand different points of view</li> <li>Do connect concepts explored in this course to real-life professional situations and your own experiences</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Don't assume there is only one correct answer to a question</li> <li>Don't be afraid to share your perspective on the issues analyzed in the course</li> <li>Don't be negative towards the points of view that are different from yours</li> <li>Don't underestimate the impact of collaboration on your learning</li> <li>Don't limit your course experience to reading the textbook</li> <li>Don't postpone your work on the course deliverables – work on small assignment components every day</li> </ul>

#### **Course Outline**

			Graded Activities			
Unit #	Unit Title	Assigned Readings	Grading Category	#	Activity Title	Grade Allocation (% of all graded work)
		System Forensics, Investigation, and Response: Chapter 1 Chapter 2 Chapter 14 (Pages 270–277)	Discussion	1.1	Common Data Threats and Cybercrimes	1
1	Introduction to System Forensics		Lab	1.2	Perform a Byte-Level Computer Audit	2
			Assignment	1.3	Report Cybercrimes	2
	2 System Forensics Issues System Forensics Issues System Forensics Issues System Federal Rules of Evidence, http://www.law.cornell. edu/rules/fre/ (accessed September 13, 2010)	Investigation, and Response:	Discussion	2.1	Investigator or Expert Witness Skills and Qualifications	1
2		Lab	2.2	Apply the Daubert Standard on the Workstation Domain	2	
		edu/rules/fre/ (accessed September	Assignment	2.3	Examine Computer Forensics and Privacy	2
	Forensics	System Forensics, Investigation, and Response:	Assignment	3.1	Potential Sources of Data Modification	1
3	Labs and Software Chapter 3 Chapter 4 Chapter 5	Lab	3.2	Create a Mock Forensic System Image for Analyzing Forensic Evidence	2	
			Assignment	3.3	Create a Digital Forensic Software or Equipment Proposal	2

			Graded Activities			
Unit #	Unit Title	Assigned Readings	Grading Category	#	Activity Title	Grade Allocation (% of all graded work)
		System Forensics, Investigation, and Response: Chapter 7	Assignment	4.1	Identify Chain of Custody Roles and Requirements	1
4	Evidence Life Cycle	National Institute of	Lab	4.2	Uncover New Digital Evidence Using Bootable Utilities	2
			Assignment	4.3	Write a Digital Evidence Procedure	2
			Discussion	5.1	Proper Methods for Capturing Data	1
5	Evidence Collection Basics	System Forensics, Investigation, and Response: Chapter 5 Chapter 6 Chapter 9	Lab	5.2	Automate Digital Evidence Discovery Using Paraben's P2 Commander	2
			Assignment	5.3	Create a Data Recovery Plan	2
6	Hidden Data and Live Monitoring	System Forensics, Investigation, and Response: Chapter 8	Discussion	6.1	Steganography and Its Implications for Security	1
		<ul> <li>Chapter 9</li> <li>Chapter 12</li> </ul>	Lab	6.2	Apply Steganography to Uncover Modifications to an Image File	2
			Assignment	6.3	Document a Password Recovery Procedure	2

			Graded Activities			
Unit #	Unit Title	Assigned Readings	Grading Category	#	Activity Title	Grade Allocation (% of all graded work)
	Network 7 Evidence Collection	System Forensics, Investigation, and Response: Chapter 10 Chapter 11 Chapter 13	Discussion	7.1	Incident Response Team Roles	1
7			Lab	7.2	Monitor & Define a Baseline Definition for Network Traffic	2
			Assignment	7.3	Overcome Difficulties of Network Monitoring	2
	Automated 8 Analysis and Tools	System Forensics, Investigation, and Response: Chapter 5 Chapter 11 Chapter 12	Assignment	8.1	Identify Appropriate Analysis Tools	1
8			Lab	8.2	Automate Image Evaluations and Identify Suspicious or Modified Files	2
			Assignment	8.3	Create an Analysis Tool Acquisition Proposal	2
		System Forensics, Investigation, and Response: Chapter 7	Assignment	9.1	Provide a Testimony as an Expert Witness	1
9	Evidence Protection and Reporting	National Institute of Justice: Forensic Examination of Digital Evidence: A Guide for Law Enforcement	Lab	9.2	Craft an Evidentiary Report for a Digital Forensics Case	2
		http://www.ncjrs.gov/p dffiles1/nij/199408.pdf (Pages 19–38) (accessed September 13, 2010)	Assignment	9.3	Document a Clear Chain of Custody	2

				Graded Activities			
Unit	Unit Title	Assigned Readings			Grade		
#			Grading Category	#	Activity Title	Allocation (% of all graded work)	
	10 Investigation Constraints	System Forensics, Investigation, and Response: Chapter 3 (Page 45) Chapter 14 Chapter 15	Discussion	10.1	Implications of Anonymous and Shared Logons	1	
10			Lab	10.2	Perform an Incident Response Investigation for a Suspicious Login	2	
			Assignment	10.3	Write an Acceptable Use Policy	2	
11	Course Review and Final		Project	11.1	Investigate Evidence and Create a Report of the Findings <mark>†</mark>	25	
Examination		Exam	11.2	Final Exam	25		

+ Candidate for ePortfolio

## **Evaluation and Grading**

#### **Evaluation Criteria**

The graded assignments will be evaluated using the following weighted categories:

Category	Weight
Assignment	24%
Lab	20%
Project	25%
Discussion	6%
Exam	25%
TOTAL	100%

#### **Grade Conversion**

The final grades will be calculated from the percentages earned in the course, as follows:

Grade	Percentage	Credit
А	90–100%	4.0
B+	85–89%	3.5
В	80–84%	3.0
C+	75–79%	2.5
С	70–74%	2.0
D+	65–69%	1.5
D	60–64%	1.0
F	<60%	0.0

## **Academic Integrity**

All students must comply with the policies that regulate all forms of academic dishonesty, or academic misconduct, including plagiarism, self-plagiarism, fabrication, deception, cheating, and sabotage. For more information on the academic honesty policies, refer to the Student Handbook.

(End of Syllabus)